

Sabka Vishwas (Legacy Dispute Resolution) Scheme, 2019- 'A Beginning' to Close Old Litigations or **Start New Ones?**

September 01, 2019, Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC) with a catchphrase "One Stop Solution For Tax Dispute Redressal" launched the "Sabka Vishwas (Legacy Dispute Resolution) Scheme, 2019" for assesses having Central Excise and Service Tax Disputes.

The Scheme introduced with certain benefits and exclusions covered cases w.r.t

- ✓ A show cause notice(SCN) or appeals arising out of a SCN pending as on June 30, 2019
- ✓ An amount in arrears
- ✓ An enquiry, investigation or audit for amount being quantified on or before June 30, 2019
- ✓ A voluntary disclosure

This Scheme was applicable to The Central Excise Act, 1944 or the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 or Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 and the rules made thereunder as well as other enactments specified in FAQs and Notification No. 06/2019 Central Excise (N.T.)

Along with providing relief to taxpayers in payment of disputed tax amounts ranging from 70% (of the tax amount) to 40%, the scheme also

BENEFITS UNDER THE SCHEME

- ⇒ Total waiver of interest & penalty
- ⊃ Immunity from prosecution

Cases pending in Litigation, Appeal, Enquiry, Investigation and Audit:

(a) Duty less than ₹50 Lakh : Pay only 30% of the duty (b) Duty more than ₹50 Lakh : Pay only 50% of the duty

In case of tax arrears:

(a) Duty less than ₹50 Lakh : Pay only 40% of the duty (b) Duty more than ₹50 Lakh : Pay only 60% of the duty

If you voluntarily disclose any past dues then simply pay the due amount only

eligible taxpayers from Union Territory (UT) of Jammu & Kashmir and UT of Ladakh, it was extended to December 31, 2020.

provided for full waiver of interest and penalty and was closed on June 30, 2020. Whereas for the

Launched with a tagline "Make a New Beginning" and grab the golden opportunity to unload the baggage of blocked litigations and have a quick closure, the scheme in certain instances got entangled itself in list of litigations!

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Acknowledging the influence of the Scheme and its litigations, **Taxsutra's Editorial Team** is delighted to bring to you an insightful compilation, which chronicles the judicial actions taken so far on the said scheme along with the administrative circulars/ notifications/ FAQs issued so far.

Once the scheme was launched, CBIC issued a list of clarifications and FAQs for taxpayers to understand the various concepts under the scheme:

Circulars/ Orders issued

<u>Circular No. 1072/05/2019-CX dated September 25, 2019</u>

Circular No. 1073/06/2019-CX dated October 29, 2019

Circular No. 1074/07/2019-CX dated December 12, 2019

Order no. 1/2020- SVLDRS, 2019 dated November 13, 2020 and Circular no. 1075/01/2020 dated

November 14, 2020

Amendment to Circular No. 1071/4/2019-CX.8 dated May 29, 2020

FAQs

FAQs on SVLDRS

FAQs updated upto December 24, 2019



SVLDR Scheme though was announced with the objective of reducing litigation and disputes, it had to face disappointment from a few Taxpayers when their declarations were rejected/not accepted by the Designated Committee which were assigned to handle such declarations. Consequently the taxpayers landed up in Tribunal and High Courts for their appeals against the authorities. Let's take a look at the rulings in favour of Assessees as well as those in favour of Authorities.



Sr.	ngs In Favour of Assessee Headline	TS Citation	Summary
No.			7
1	Designated-	[TS-939-	Bombay HC quashes rejection of SVLDRS declaration
	Committee to	HC-	finding that calculation error at the time of filing the
	consider SVLDRS	2020(BOM	declaration could have been explained to DC if the
	declaration afresh)-NT]	assessee was given an opportunity of hearing; Pointing
	keeping in mind		out that SVLDRS Act & Rules provide for rectification of
	'scheme objective',		errors in Sec 128 and 129, directs DC for fresh
	quashes rejection		consideration.
2	Non-mention of	[TS-327-	Gauhati HC holds Petitioner's claim for the benefit of
	'penalty amount' in	HC-	SVLDRS shall not be rejected for petitioner's 'inadvertent
	SVLDRS-01 a	2020(GAU	mistake' of non-mentioning the penalty amount while
	'curable'/'inadvertent	H)-NT]	submitting the Form SVLDRS-1; Holds that, mistake under
	' mistake, allows		consideration "cannot be said to be a mistake by which
	correction		the petitioner claimed an undue benefit".
3	Delhi HC directs fresh	TS-431-	Delhi HC quashes communications rejecting declarations
	consideration of	HC-	filed by Petitioner, for waiver of interest and penalty;
	SVLDRS declaration	2020(DEL)-	Observes Petitioner's contention that it had rightly
	for waiver of interest	NT]	declared tax dues as 'nil' in accordance with the CBIC
	& penalty		Circular; Directs fresh order to be passed after giving an
			opportunity of hearing to petitioner.
4	Hearing opportunity	TS-186-	Delhi HC sets-aside communications to assessee rejecting
	to be given before	HC-	SVLDRS application, holds that an opportunity of hearing
	passing adverse order	2020(DEL)-	should have been given to the assessee before passing
	under 'Sabka	NT]	any adverse order.
	Vishwas' scheme		
5	Directs consideration	TS-1193-	Gujarat HC stays order of DC rejecting application on
	of matter under	HC-	ground that confiscation and redemption fine are not
	SVLDRS involving a	2019(GUJ)-	covered under SVLDRS; Clarifies that such cases are not
	case of confiscation &	NT]	excluded from benefit u/s 125 and thus there was no
	redemption fine		

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			the control of the co
			intention to exclude such cases; Holds that the matter
	5	I - 0 4 5 5 5	requires further consideration.
6	Dept. letter	TS-1043-	Bombay HC sets-aside DC's order rejecting application on
	intimating	HC-	the ground of being ineligible since investigation was
	'outstanding-dues'	2020(BOM	going on and duty amount was pending for
	constitutes 'written-	<u>)-NT</u>]	quantification; Infers that "word "quantified" has been
	communication'		defined as a written communication of amount of duty
	quantifying amount,		payable under the indirect tax enactment"; Places
	DC to accept SVLDRS-		reliance upon FAQs & CBIC clarification which prescribes
	application		that such written communication would include a letter
			intimating duty demand or duty liability.
7	Quashes order	TS-644-	Delhi HC quashes rejection of declaration filed by
	rejecting FORM	HC-	assessee considering that the duty liability stood
	SVLDRS-01, stresses	2020(DEL)-	admitted in an oral statement by the assessee before
	on widened scope of	NT]	June 30, 2019 and consequently stood quantified prior to
	expression		the cut-off date in accordance with the beneficial CBIC
	"quantified"		circulars.
8	Accrued substantive-	TS-1007-	Karnataka HC allows assessee's writ seeking direction
	right of tax-relief not	HC-	to Designated Committee to issue revised Form SVLDRS-3
	deniable on technical-	2020(KAR)-	and Discharge Certificate; Observes that Assessee
	ground of Form-	NT]	satisfies all the SVLDRS conditions and was entitled to
	SVLDRS filing-error		avail the tax relief, and an accrued substantive right by
			way of tax relief couldn't be denied on the technical
			ground that there was an error in filing details in Form
			SVLDRS as 'Nil' especially when there was an onus on the
		_	Department to verify the records.
9	Directs Revenue to	TS-578-	Delhi HC directs Revenue to reconsider the Petitioner's
	consider Petitioner's	HC-	representation pertaining to rectification of tax payable
	representation on	2020(DEL)-	amount reflected in FORM SVLDRS -03 which failed to
	miscalculation of	NT]	consider the benefit of the pre-deposit amount.
	duty-amount in		
	FORM SVLDRS-03		
10	Liberal interpretation	TS-605-	Delhi HC sets aside order passed by Designated
	to be given to	HC-	Committee rejecting declaration under SVLDRS, considers
	SVLDRS, directs	2020(DEL)-	that Petitioner had admitted its liability to pay service tax,
	Designated-	NT]	and the Revenue should have given an opportunity of
	Committee to pass a		hearing to the Petitioner before rejecting the declaration
	reasoned-order		under the Scheme.
11	'Fairness' to be	TS-593-	Madras HC upholds the demand computation of
	applied in	HC-	Petitioner for remittance under SVLDRS, finds an overlap
	interpreting SVLDR	2020(MAD	between the periods covered under SCN1 & SCN2, and a
	Scheme, allows	<u>)-NT</u>]	dual demand of service tax being raised; States the
	adjustment of deposit		

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	made under another		Scheme to be an attempt to close legacy tax disputes and
	SCN"		shall follow certain amount of fairness.
12		ITC FAZ	
12	Sets-aside	<u>TS-547-</u>	Gujarat HC remits the matter back to Designated
	communication	HC-	Committee noting that 'a fair opportunity of hearing' was
	issued in SVLDRS-3	2020(GUJ)-	not provided to the assesse; Explains that despite the
	without granting fair	NT]	expiry of date of
	'hearing opportunity'		payment under
	during lock-down		Scheme (June
	period		30, 2020 here)
			some amount is
			to be deposited
			for availing
			benefit, the Department shall accept the payment in view
			of the fact that litigation was pending before this Court
13	Enhancement of dues	TS-814-	Bombay HC sets-aside enhancement of dues issued by
	in SVLDRS-3 absent	HC-	Revenue, holds it to be in gross violation of principles of
	hearing-opportunity	2020(BOM	natural justice; Notes that payment has been made under
	"grossly in violation")-NT]	protest by the assessee since the last date to make
	of natural-justice		payment to avail of the benefit under the Scheme no
	principle		response was received from Department pursuant to
			submission of application by assessee for rectification of
			mistake and remarks that if DC wanted to increase the
			payable amount, it should have afforded an opportunity
			of hearing to the Petitioner.
14	Declaration	[TS-968-	Delhi HC directs Revenue to rectify the SVLDRS
	'inadvertently' filed	HC-	declaration and consider it as one filed under the
	under wrong-	2020(DEL)-	"litigation" category instead of "voluntary disclosure" and
	category a 'rectifiable	NT]	process it accordingly; Observes that an error committed
	mistake', allows re-	<u></u>	by assessee, which inevitably leads to an error in the
	categorization under		order of the Designated Committee can be rectified by DC
	SVLDRS		u/s 128.
15	Assessees availing	TS-961-	Bombay HC rules that a declarant who seeks benefit
	benefit under SVLDRS	HC-	under the scheme cannot be put in a worse off condition
	cannot be put in	2020(BOM	than it was before making declaration; Observes that if
	worse-off condition)-NT]	Assessees had not filed declarations under the scheme it
	Worse-on condition	<u>/-IV1</u>	would still have been better off with the total demand
			adjudicated as against original demand in terms of SCN.
16	Allows correction of	TS-750-	Gauhati HC dismisses rejection of SVLDRS application on
10	'inadvertent-mistake'		, ,
		HC-	account of inadvertent mistake by assessee stating the
	in SVLDRS Form,	2020(GAU	duty payable under a wrong clause; Explains the
	directs Revenue to	<u>H)-NT]</u>	distinction between incurable and inadvertent mistake
	pass 'reasoned-order'		and finds that Assessee had not claimed any undue
			benefit; Thereby allows to make necessary correction.

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17	Directs Designated	[TC 724	Karnataka HC holds that assessee is entitled to take
17	Directs Designated	[TS-724-	
	Committee to adjust	HC-	advantage of CENVAT credit on input services and
	CENVAT-credit	2020(KAR)-	consider the same as pre-deposit under the SVLDR
	amount, treating	NT]	Scheme.
	same as deposit		
	under SVLDRS		
18	Allows SVLDRS	TS-956-	Bombay HC remands matter back to DC to take fresh
	application under	HC-	decision as to the consequential relief to be granted to
	'pending-litigation'	2020(BOM	Assessee, including refund of the amount paid, treating
	category, despite	<u>)-NT</u>]	the declaration as one under the 'pending litigation
	'defect' noticed in		category' after affording reasonable opportunity of
	appeal		hearing; Hold that, Assessee's appeal pending before
			CESTAT as on the said date may be in defective form,
			however, the statute does not say that for being entitled
			to the relief under the 'pending litigation category', the
			appeal must be pending as on June 30, 2019 on being
			admitted by the appellate forum.
19	Discharge certificate	[TS-494-	Delhi CESTAT holds that discharge certificate (Form-4)
	under SVLDRS	CESTAT-	shall be deemed to be issued to the assesse, considering
	scheme deemed	2020-NT	the facts that assessee has paid the disputed duty
	issued upon		amount and the Designated Authority failed to issue
	Designated		FORM SVLDRS -03 within stipulated time.
	Authority's failure,		·
	disposes appeal		
20	Validates SVLDRS	TS-1068-	Bombay HC finds assesse eligible to file the declaration
	declaration filed	HC-	under the category of enquiry or investigation or audit as
	under "Investigation,	2020(BOM	its service tax dues stood quantified before June 30,
	Enquiry or Audit")-NT]	2019; Directs DC to consider the declaration as valid and
	category, remits		adjudicate it afresh and to grant the consequential relief
	matter		after giving due opportunity of hearing to the Assessee.
21	Allows SVLDRS-	[TS-1040-	Bombay HC sets aside
	declaration under	HC-	rejection order by
	'arrears' category	2020(BOM	Designated Committee
	after appeal-period)-NT]	of Assessee's declaration
	expiry, relies on		in Form SVLDRS-1 under
	Circular/FAQs		'arrears' category with
			further sub-category of
			appeal not filed or
			appeal having attained finality; Peruses Circulars and
			FAQs vide which CBIC clarified that cases may still fall
			under the arrears category once the appellate or
			adjudication order, is passed and has attained finality or
			aujudication order, is passed and has attained illiality of

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			appeal period is over and other requirements under the
			scheme are fulfilled.
22	Amount admitted in	TS-787-	Kerala HC rules that amount admitted by Petitioner in
	tax-returns	HC-	tax-returns should be taken as 'quantified
	construable as	2020(KER)-	amount' for testing eligibility for availing benefit under
	'quantified-amount'	NT]	the Scheme; Refers to CBIC circular, explains that
	for purpose of		Petitioner had declared the service tax dues even before
	SVLDRS eligibility		verification proceedings were initiated and the amounts
			should be taken as "quantified" expresses that, in case of
			voluntary disclosure, no verification will be carried out
			and the decision shall be taken only after giving the
			declarant an opportunity of being heard.
23	'Deposit-adjustment'	[TS-1192-	Madras HC upholds Petitioner's contention that for
	for 'arrears category'	HC-	'amount in arrears' category, relief should be calculated
	to be made after 'tax-	2020(MAD	after adjustment of tax already deposited or before
	relief calculation')-NT]	adjustment of tax already deposited; However denies
	under SVLDRS, holds		relief on the ground that the payment made by the
	Madras HC		Petitioner, which is sought to be deducted, is in nature of
			'tax' and not 'deposit' as envisaged u/s 124(2).
24	Demand reduction	[TS-1138-	Gujarat HC sets aside Revenue's order rejecting
	post cut-off date	HC-	Petitioner's application for correction in quantification;
	substitutes earlier	2020(GUJ)-	Noting that a correction in quantification was made post
	quantified amount,	NT]	cut-off date by DGGSTI, states that "If the Department
	construes SVLDRS		had committed an error and it is corrected subsequently,
	application within-		then such quantification should relate back to the original
	time		quantification and it would only be substituting the
			figures and nothing more".
25	DC to issue	[TS-1164-	Karnataka HC directs Designated Committee to issue
	appropriate	HC-	Discharge Certificate after considering tax deposited by
	discharge-certificate	2020(KAR)-	assessee though it was not recorded in the SCN; Remarks
	considering	NT	that, "right to tax relief is a substantial right and until a
	undisputed duty-		declarant is ineligible, the benefit of tax relief cannot be
	deposit recorded in		refused on technical grounds".
	audit-report		
26	Tax dues finalization	[TS-18-HC-	Bombay HC holds Revenue unjustified in rejecting the
	by Dept. not	2021(BOM	Assessee's declaration on the ground of ineligibility &
	necessary for)-NT]	with a remark that tax dues were not quantified and
	determining eligibility		investigation is still going on as all the documents have
	under SVLDRS		not been submitted; Explicates that the only requirement
			for eligibility is a written communication of amount of
			duty payable including a letter intimating duty demand
			admitted by the person concerned during inquiry,
			investigation or audit.
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27	Quashes SVLDRS	[TS-22-HC-	Bombay HC sets-aside order rejecting declaration under
	rejection, follows	2021(BOM	sub-category of "audit" with a finding that "too
	Thought Blurb;	<u>)-NT</u>]	technical or narrow approach would defeat the very
	Revenue's 'narrow		object of the scheme"; Finds that the issue of
	approach' defeats		maintainability of declaration on the ground that
	Scheme objective		quantification of the service tax dues for the related
			period was post 30th June, 2019 is no longer res integra;



Rulir	Rulings In Favour of Revenue:				
Sr. No.	Headline	TS Citation	Summary		
1	No fault in rejection of application under SVLDRS scheme during inquiry pendency	TS-463- HC-2020(P and H)-NT	Punjab and Haryana HC upholds Revenue's actions in refusing to accept petitioner's application to be covered under the SVLDRS, considering the facts that the case for service tax was being enquired into and its application could not be accepted as the due amount was not been determined		
2	Admission of single component of demand not 'tax-due' quantification; upholds SVLDRS declaration rejection	TS-710- HC- 2020(DEL)- NT	Delhi HC upholds rejection of assessee's declaration under SVLDRS on account of no quantification of 'tax dues'; Highlights that "Settlement under the SVLDRS scheme with respect to the Service Tax due, with continuation of parallel proceeding for the remainder or differential amount by way of adjudication of the SCN, would also not result in resolution of the legacy dispute, which is the predominant aim of the scheme"		

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3	Dismisses PIL	TS-1179-	Delhi HC dismisses PIL challenging Circular extending
	challenging Circular	HC-	benefit under SVLDRS to cases wherein a SCN has been
	issued under SVLDRS;	2019(DEL)-	issued after June 30, 2019; Finding the Circular "not
	Expects "scrupulous"	NT]	prima facie violative of the scheme or the Finance Act",
	observance of		directs the Respondent to scrupulously follow the
	Scheme		provisions of the scheme and the Finance Act.
4	Upholds SVLDRS	TS-1148-	Karnataka HC finds no
	declaration rejection	HC-	error in rejecting
	for non-quantification	2020(KAR)-	assessee's declaration
	of liability before	NT]	filed under SVLDRS;
	June 30, 2019;		Notes that
	Dismisses writ		consequent to
			delayed filing of
			service tax returns,
			assessee was issued final reminder demanding short
			payment
5	Affirms rejection of	TS-1142-	Allahabad HC finds no merit in assessee's petition against
	SVLDRS declaration	HC-	Designated Committee's order rejecting declarations filed
	under arrears	2020(ALL)-	under SVLDRS; Notes that no enquiry/ investigation or
	category absent	NT]	audit is pending against the assesse and has deposited
	outstanding duty,		the 6amount of duty along with his regular returns under
	dismisses writ		the service tax law prior to cut off date filed belatedly and
			thus no amount of duty was payable under the service
			tax law.
6	Rejects SVLDRS	[TS-1069-	Allahabad HC rejects SVLDRS application for 'Superior
	application for	HC-	Kerosene Oil' (SKO) for not being excisable goods and GST
	'Superior Kerosene	2020(ALL)-	being charged on "Kerosene PDS"; Clarifies that Sec
	Oil', cites exclusion of	NT]	125(1)(h) merely makes a person not eligible for
	'excisable-goods'		declaration w.r.t. excisable goods which are set forth in
	regardless GST-levy		the Fourth Schedule to the Act, 1944; Concludes SKO as
			an excisable goods set forth in the Fourth Schedule to the
			Act, 1944 and petitioner was not eligible to make a
			declaration under the Scheme for SKO.
			acciditation ander the selicine for sito.

A few cases are still pending before the Courts. Here's a list of the same.

Litiga	Litigation Trackers		
Sr.	Matter		
No			
1	SVLDRS declaration rejection where audit-memo issued on July 2, under Delhi HC scanner [TS-		
	488-HC-2020(DEL)-NT]		

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2	Allahabad HC hears Panchsheel's challenge to 'arrears' computation in Form SVLDRS 2 & 3 [TS-
	479-HC-2020(ALL)-NT]
3	P&H HC admits writ challenging rejection of SVLDRS declaration pertaining to multiple SCNs
	[TS-453-HC-2020(P and H)-NT]
4	Stays Designated-Committee's statement demanding 'entire service-tax' under Sabka Vishwas
	scheme [TS-183-HC-2020(DEL)-NT]
5	Seeks Revenue's response on whether SVLDRS should cover 'confiscation' matters [TS-128-HC-
	2020(DEL)-NT]
6	Karnataka HC stays order rejecting SVLDRS declaration filed by JSW Industrial Gases Pvt Ltd,
	<u>issues notice in writ</u>
7	HC: Directs DC to check status of pending SCN, apprise on the same in next hearing [TS-828-HC-
	<u>2020(CAL)-NT</u>]
8	HC: Issues notice in writ challenging rejection of SVLDRS declaration pertaining to interest
	demand on differential duty
9	HC: Issues notice in challenge to rejection of SVLRS declaration filed by Maruti Dealer, tags
	with similar matters [TS-827-HC-2020(GUJ)-NT]
10	Bombay HC hears challenge to SVLDRS declaration rejection, Petitioner argues 'natural-justice'
	violation [TS-817-HC-2020(BOM)-NT]

Tailored to free the large number of small taxpayers of their pending disputes with the tax administration, Ministry of Finance through a <u>Press Release</u> declared that the total number of settlements done under the Scheme as on dated February 05, 2020 are 49,534 and amount involved in these cases is 24,970 crores w.r.t. the total amount of funds that were locked up as on December 31, 2019.

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